

# **ALDEBURGH MUSIC CLUB**

## Saturday 16 December 2023 St Bartholomew's Church, Orford

### ALDEBURGH MUSIC CLUB CHOIR Music Director TOM APPLETON with Miriam Keogh Harp and Adrian Nicholson Organ

#### Benjamin Britten (1913-1976): A Ceremony of Carols (Op 28, 1942)

Arranged for SATB and Harp by Julius Harrison (1955)

| Procession                  |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Wolcum Yole!                | Anon, 14 <sup>th</sup> century              |
| There is No Rose            | Anon, 14 <sup>th</sup> century              |
| That Yongë Child*           | Anon, 14 <sup>th</sup> century              |
| Balulalow**                 | James, John and Robert Wedderburn 1548/1561 |
| As Dew in Aprille           | Anon, c 1400                                |
| This Little Babe            | Robert Southwell (1561?-1595)               |
| Interlude                   |   |
| In Freezing Winter Night*** | Robert Southwell (1561?-1595)               |
| Spring Carol                | William Cornish (14?-1523)                  |
| Deo Gracias!                | Anon, 15 <sup>th</sup> century              |
| Recession                   |   |

soloists \*Maria Chapman-Beer \*\*Wendy Marshall \*\*\*Joy Marsh and Sue Foster

## followed by **Carols for Choir and Audience**

#### There is no interval; please join us after the concert for mulled wine and mince pies

In 1939, Benjamin Britten and a troupe of creatives left the UK for America. Protesting against the UK's involvement in the war, Britten went to find himself both musically and personally. One of the pieces he writes there is the operetta Paul Bunyan with a libretto by long-standing mentor WH Auden. Paul Bunyan focuses on American Folklore. A giant has a pet cow, there's a moon which turns blue, immigrant lumberjacks, and railroads - what a way to try to endear yourself in a new homeland. But after America's entry to the war, and without any real major musical successes behind him, he must have surely been fairly despondent. Despite his growing relationship with Peter Pears being nurtured whilst in America, it is perhaps Hymn to St. Cecilia which is his greatest achievement from this time. A piece, once again with text by Auden, that sort of says 'It's OK, Benjy, you're going to go on to great things!'. Well, where better to start - when trying to do great things - than at base camp.

A Ceremony of Carols was written on the boat home from America in 1942 - with the MS Axel Johnson dodging German U-Boats as it crossed the Atlantic. In this context, with Britten homesick, living in daily fear during the crossing, and more generally in need of a career boost, this is a work which helps one feel grounded. Britten deliberately keeps much of the original medieval language; he uses Latin too, but he adds a sense of hope and energy - especially in the harp writing. Britten is looking back at his nation's heritage in the hope that it can inspire a new dawn.

From this ancient inspiration, Britten returns home and begins to build his own world - one that he can control. From the first performance of Ceremony of Carols in Norwich in 1942, we can track a line for much of the rest of his life, where East Anglia becomes his muse, his community, his joy. East Anglia and Aldeburgh of course - becomes his place. For me, A Ceremony of Carols is the start of much of that which we now admire about Britten's life. Looking backwards gives us roots and helps our future blossom.